(*b*) This will be examined.
(*c*) No.
(*d*) No.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ದೇವಯ್ಯ.—ಈ ಕೆರೆಯನ್ನು ಬ್ರೀಚ್ ಮಾಡಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದೀರಿ. ಕೆಳಗಡೆ ಕೆರೆಯ ಏರಿಯನ್ನು ರಸ್ತೆಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೋಸ್ಕರ ಕಟ್‌ಮಾಡಿರುವುದು ತಮ್ಮ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿದೆಯೇ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪುಟ್ಟಸ್ವಾಮಿ.—ಈ ಕೆರೆ ಒಡೆದು ಹೋಗಿಲ್ಲ. ವೇಸ್ಟ್‌ವೇರ್ ಮಾತ್ರ ಲೋಯರ್ ಮಾಡಿದೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ದೇವಯ್ಯ.—ಈ ಕೆರೆಯನ್ನು ಒಂದುವೇಳೆ ಒಡೆದು ಹಾಕಿದ್ದರೆ, ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಇಡೀ ಬೆಂಗಳೂರಿಗೆ ಅನುಕೂಲವಾಗುವ ಒಂದು ಸ್ವೀಡಿಯಂ ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸಲು ಅವಕಾಶ ಕಲ್ಪಿಸಿಕೊಡುತ್ತೀರ ?

Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.—That is a suggestion and it has to be considered.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ದೇವಯ್ಯ.—ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು ನಗರದಲ್ಲಿ ಲಕ್ಷಾಂತರ ಜನ ದೋಬಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಬಟ್ಟೆ ಒಗೆಯುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಬೇರೆ ಎಲ್ಲಿಯಾದರೂ ಅವಕಾಶ ಕಲ್ಪಿಸಿಕೊಡುತ್ತೀರ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪುಟ್ಟಸ್ವಾಮಿ.—ಲಕ್ಷಾಂತರ ಜನ ಬಟ್ಟೆ ಒಗೆಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವವರೂ ಇಲ್ಲ, ಲಕ್ಷಾಂತರ ದೋಬಿಗಳಂತೂ ಇಲ್ಲ. ಆದರೆ ಎಷ್ಟುದೋಬಿಗಳಿದ್ದಾರೋ ಅವರಿಗೆ ಅನುಕೂಲ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡಲು ಇಲಾಖೆ ಮತ್ತು ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಆಲೋಚನೆ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಹತ್ತಿರ ಸ್ಯಾಂಕಿ ಟ್ಯಾಂಕಿಗೆ ಹೋಗಿ ಒಗೆಯುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಆ ಕೆರೆಯ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಅವಕಾಶ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಅವಕಾಶವಿದೆ. ಕೆಂಪಾಂಬುಧಿ ಕೆರೆಯಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಅವಕಾಶವಿದೆ, ಬೇಕಾದರೆ ಏರ್ಪಾಡು ಮಾಡೋಣ.

Sri SANJEEVANATH AIKALA.—Whether it has come to the notice of the Government that hundreds of dhobies have been washing clothes of Bangalore citizens in the dirty water of the factory on the Mysore–Bangalore road ?

Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.—That has not come to my notice. I already submitted that the Corporation was making arrangements to facilitate washing of clothes.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ದೇವಯ್ಯ.—ಟ್ರಸ್ಟ್ ಬೋರ್ಡ್ ಚೇರ್ಮನ್ ಅವರು ಸ್ಯಾಂಕಿ ಕೆರೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಬಟ್ಟೆ ಒಗೆಯುಕೂಡದೆಂದು ನಿರ್ಬಂಧ ಹಾಕಿರುವುದು ತಮ್ಮ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿದೆಯೇ ?

Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.—I am not aware of it. We see people washing clothes there every day.

Sri K. DEVAIAH.—Will the Government think of having a Dhoby-ghat at all the four corners of Bangalore City to serve its heavy population ?

Sri K. PUTTASWAMY.—In the interest of the health of the people of Bangalore City, proper and better arrangements have to be made for washing clothes. We are aware of it.

Unemployed Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Diploma holders in the State.

Q.*—656. **Sri S. RUDRAPPA (Kalgi).—

Will the Government be pleased to state.—

(*a*) whether they are aware that number of Civil, Mechanical, and Electrical Diploma Holders are unemployed in the State ;

(*b*) if so, why, in spite of great need for the services of the above Diploma Holders in the State, Government is not employing them ?

A.—**Sri G. B. SHANKAR RAO** (Parliamentry Secretary to the Minister for the Public Works).—

(*a*) Yes.

(*b*) The presumption that there is a great need for Diploma Holders in the State is not correct.

Sri S. RUDRAPPA.—May I know the number of unemployed diploma-holders in Mechanical, Electrical and Civil Engineering, at present ?

Sri G. B. SHANKAR RAO.—The number of unemployed diploma-holders is : Mechanical : 839, Electrical : 407 and up to the end of March 1963 it was 725 in Civil Engineering and this latest figure is 1,100.

Sri S. RUDRAPPA.—May I know if the Government has made any attempts to request the neighbouring States of Madras, Andhra and Maharashtra to provide employment to these surplus diploma-holders ?

Sri G. B. SHANKAR RAO.—The State Government have requested the neighbouring States as well as other institutions to provide jobs for these persons. The Maharashtra State has agreed to absorb 269 diploma-holders but our candidates are not willing to go there. Only 10 diploma-holders have shown their intention to go to Maharashtra.

Sri S. SIVAPPA.—What is the intention of Government in starting polytechnics in every district and not utilising their services after they pass out ?

Mr. SPEAKER.—If there are no vacancies, how can the Government solve the problem ? Is the Hon'ble Member aware of any vacancy existing and its not being filled up ?

Sri S SIVAPPA.—The Government started the polytechnics in the State knowing full-well the employment potentialities in the State. May I conclude that the development programmes have failed because if they had succeeded, all these diploma-holders could have been absorbed, since I believe the schools were started keeping in view the possible employment under the various development programmes.

Sri VEERENDRA PATIL (Minister for Public Works).—The Hon'ble Member is under the impression that it is the responsibility of the Government to provide jobs for all the students who pass from the polytechnics. That is not so. The policy of the Government in starting the polytechnics is to impart technical education. So far as the State Government is concerned, we have been doing our best to absorb as many diploma-holders as possible but it cannot be said that the State Government should create vacancies for all the diploma-holders, just to give them work.

Mr. SPEAKER.—My impression is that certain persons are not willing to go out-of-the State. Therefore they are unemployed.

Sri VEERENDRA PATIL.—The Parliamentary Secretary has just now explained that we have been requesting the neighbouring States to use the services of our diploma-holders who are surplus to us. The Maharashtra Government has come forward to absorb about 269 candidates but our people are unwilling, excepting 10 persons. They are not

willing to go outside their districts, let alone going to Maharashtra. If that be the position I am afraid they cannot all be provided with jobs in their native place.

Mr. SPEAKER.—Is it not correct that Employment Exchanges are circulating information to all those who want jobs ? Such information is on an All-India basis. The Labour Department also circulates such information. If that be so, where is the question of failure of schemes ?

Sri S. SIVAPPA.—Is it a fact that the Employment Exchanges are not giving adequate information and guidance to those who want employment ?

Sri D DEVARAJ URS (Minister for Housing, Labour and Transport).—It is not correct. The Employment Exchanges give all relevant information concerning the availability of jobs not only in this State but outside also. In fact there are vocational guidance officers attached to the Universities. The difficulty arises when students ask for jobs being given in a place of their choice.

Sri K. S. SURYANARAYANA RAO.—From the figures given we find that we have exceeded the third plan targets. Am I correct ?

Sri D. DEVARAJ URS.—The point is that polytechnics are not started by the Mysore Government on its own initiative. There is a general policy in this regard which is laid down by the Planning Commission. The Commission keeps in mind the over-all requirements of the country as a whole and allots polytechnics to each State. It is not as if the Mysore State can start them on its own whims and fancies. We get about 60% Central aid for these institutions. Therefore essentially the Planning Commission envisages a certain measure of mobility among diploma-holders so that they may be employed in places where they are required. But if our students stick hard to the places of their birth, then it would be difficult for the State to help them.

Sri S. SIVAPPA.—May I ask what this State has done to absorb the surplus diploma-holders ? Have they attempted to absorb as many of them as possible in the Government and the industries here ?

Sri D. DEVARAJ URS.—The P. W. Minister has already said that he has written to other States to absorb them. But the trouble is our candidates do not want to go out.

ಶ್ರೀಮತಿ ಬನಶಂಕರಾಜೇಶ್ವರಿ.—ಈಗ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಬ್ಲಾಕುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡತಕ್ಕ ಇಂಡಸ್ಟ್ರಿಯಲ್ ಎಕ್ಸ್‌ಪಾನ್‌ಷನ್ ಆಫೀಸರುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಡಿಪ್ಲೋಮಾ ಹೋಲ್ಡರುಗಳನ್ನು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾದಮಟ್ಟಿಗೂ ರಿಪ್ರೆಂಚ್ ಮಾಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದಿಂದ ಆದೇಶ ಬಂದಿದೆ. ಅವರನ್ನೆಲ್ಲ ಏನು ಮಾಡುತ್ತೀರಿ, ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ?

† Sri B. D. JATTI (Minister for Finance).—Wherever there is retrenchment, persons thrown out would be absorbed in other departments. They would not be sent home.

1 P.M.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಜೆ. ಮುಕ್ಕಣ್ಣಪ್ಪ.—ಮೂರನೆಯ ಪಂಚವಾರ್ಷಿಕ ಯೋಜನೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಎಷ್ಟು ಜನ ಸಿವಿಲ್, ಮೆಕಾನಿಕಲ್, ಎಲೆಕ್ಟ್ರಿಕಲ್ ಎಂಜಿನಿಯರಿಂಗ್ ಪಾಸ್ ಆದವರನ್ನು ನೇಮಕ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಗಿದೆ ?

Sri G. B. SHANKAR RAO.—In the case of diploma holders, we have absorbed as many as possible, keeping in view the requirements of the Departments.

ಶ್ರೀ ಟಿ. ಜಿ. ನಂಜುನಾರಾಯಣ —ನಮ್ಮ ರಾಜ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಡಿಪ್ಲೋಮಾ ಹೋಲ್ಡರ್ಸ್ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗಿದ್ದರೆ ಅವರನ್ನು ಬೇರೆ ದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ ಏಕೆ ಕಳಿಸಬಾರದು?

Sri G. B. SHANKAR RAO.—It is open for the Diploma-holders to go and serve anywhere in the country.

ಶ್ರೀ ವಿ. ಮುನಿಯಪ್ಪ.—ಡಿಪ್ಲೋಮಾ ಹೋಲ್ಡರ್ಸ್‌ಗಳು ಇರಾಖೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಹಂಗಾಮಿಯಾಗಿ ಎಂದರೆ ಡೇಲ ವೇಜಸ್ ಮೇಲೆ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡತಕ್ಕಂಥಾದ್ದು ಸರಕಾರದ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿದೆಯೇ?

Sri G. B. SHANKAR RAO.—Yes, Sir. That is also one of the opportunities provided for the Diploma-holders to earn daily wages at least.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಗೋಪಾಲ ಗೌಡ.—ಸರಕಾರ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರತಕ್ಕ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಅಂಶಗಳ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ತೆಗೆದು ಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದಾದರೆ ಡಿಪ್ಲೋಮಾ ಹೋಲ್ಡರ್ಸ್ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಮತ್ತು ಸರಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಉದ್ಯೋಗ ಕೊಡಿಸುವ ಜವಾಬ್ದಾರಿ ಇಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ತಿಳಿಸಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಮೂರನೇ ಪಂಚವಾರ್ಷಿಕ ಯೋಜನೆಯು ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಕಾರ ವಿಫಲವಾಗಿದೆ ಎಂದು ಈ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಭೆ ಅರ್ಥ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬಹುದೇ?

Sri G. B. SHANKAR RAO.—No, Sir. That cannot be accepted.

ಶ್ರೀಮತಿ ಬಸವರಾಜೇಶ್ವರಿ.—ಪಿ. ಡಬ್ಲ್ಯು. ಡಿ. ಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸೂಪರ್‌ವೈಜರರನ್ನು ಕೂಡ ಗ್ರಾಜ್ಯುಯೇಟ್ ಆದವರನ್ನು ನೇಮಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ಸರಕಾರ ಆಜ್ಞೆ ಮಾಡಿದೆಯೇ?

ಶ್ರೀ ವೀರೇಂದ್ರ ಪಾಟೀಲ್.—ಗ್ರಾಜುಯೇಟ್ ಆದವರನ್ನು ಸೂಪರ್‌ವೈಜರ್ ಎಂದು ಕರೆಯುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಅವರನ್ನು ಜೂನಿಯರ್ ಎಂಜಿನಿಯರ್ ಎಂದು ಕರೆಯುತ್ತೇವೆ.

Sri G. V. GOWDA.—Has it come to the notice of the Government that the South Indian Regional Council on Technical Education recently has expressed their concern that these technical intitutions are allowed to increase year after year especially in the Mysore State?

Mr. SPEAKER.— Is it with regard to Colleges or Polytechnics?

Sri G. V. GOWDA.—With regard to technical Colleges.

Mr. SPEAKER.—If it relates to Colleges, I disallow the supplementary under this question.

Sri GANJI VEERAPPA.—In view of the fact that every year continuously Civil Diploma-holders have had no opportunities, is it not advisable to close the Civil section in Polytechnices?

Sri G. B. SHANKAR RAO.—There is another opportunity for the diploma-holders in Civil Engineering. There is a rule which can be enforced on the Contractors. The rule lays down that the Diploma-holders should be employed by the contractors in works of Rs. 2 to 5 lakhs.

ಶ್ರೀ ಟಿ ಚನ್ನಬ್ಯೆರೇ ಗೌಡ.—ಮೂರನೇ ಪಂಚವಾರ್ಷಿಕ ಯೋಜನೆಯ ಅವಧಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಎಷ್ಟು ಪಾಲಿಟೆಕ್ನಿಕ್ಸ್ ಪ್ರಾರಂಭ ಮಾಡಬೇಕಾಗಿದೆ?

Sri G. B. SHANKAR RAO.—During the Third Five-Year Plan, our target is to establish 26 Polytechnics.

Sri V. M. DEO.—Is the Government aware that as per the objectives of the Third Five Year Plan they are supposed to provide employment and absorb all additional hands? To that extent, do you admit that the Government have failed?

Sri B. D. JATTI.—Government of India are considering how to utilise the man-power and they have set up a machinery with the State Government to solve the problems.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಲಕ್ಕಪ್ಪ.—ಒಂದು ಸಪ್ಲಿಮೆಂಟರಿ ಕೇಳುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ನನಗೆ ಅವಕಾಶ ಕೊಡಬೇಕು, ಸ್ವಾಮಿ.

Mr. SPEAKER.—Next question.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಎಂ. ಕೃಷ್ಣ.—ಇದನ್ನು ನಾಲ್ಕು ಜನ ಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳು ಮಾತನಾಡಿ ಡಿಫೆಂಡ್ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಸಪ್ಲಿಮೆಂಟರಿಗೆ ಅವಕಾಶ ಕೊಡಬೇಕು ಎಂದು ಕೇಳಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇನೆ.

† ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ನಿಜಲಿಂಗಪ್ಪ.—ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ ರಾಜಕೀಯ ಮಾಡಲು ಹೊರಟಿದ್ದೀರಿ ಎಂದು ಇಷ್ಟು ಜನ ಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳು ಮಾತನಾಡಬೇಕಾಯಿತು.

Starting of Collective Farms in the State.

*Q.—663. Sri H. R. KESHAVA MURTY (Gandasi).—

Will the Government be pleased to state : —

(*a*) whether they intend to start collective Farms in the State ;

(*b*) if so, what are the areas selected for starting these farms ;

(*c*) whether they have purchased the machinery required for starting such Farms ; and if so, the details may be furnished ?

A.—Sri RAMAKRISHNA HEGDE (Minister for Co-operation and Development). —

(*a*) Yes. Collective and Joint Co-operative Farming Societies.

(*b*) No specific area is selected.

(*c*) No.

Sri H. R. KESHAVA MURTHY.—May I know when they are starting collective Farms in the State ?

Sri RAMAKRISHNA HEGDE.—Sir, what the Hon'bleMember wanted was not quite clear. He had asked about collective Farms. Presuming that the Hon'ble Member wants information regarding collective farming Societies, the information is provided, and if that is correct, these Societies have been started during the last two years, and they are being started.

Sri H. R. KESHAVA MURTHY.—I do not want information regarding Societies. I want information about collective Farms in the State.

Sri RAMAKRISHNA HEGDE.—Sir, there is no collective Farm in the State

Sri H. R. KESHAVA MURTHY.—May I know when you are going to start collective Farms in the State ?

Sri RAMAKRISHNA HEGDE.—Whenever it is found necessary.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಜೆ. ಮುಕ್ಕಣ್ಣಪ್ಪ.—ಈ ಕೂಡೊಕ್ಕಲು ಸಂಘ ಸ್ಥಾಪನೆ ಮಾಡುವುದರ ಹಿಂದೆ ನಿಮ್ಮ ಅನುಭವ ಏನು ಇದೆ ? ಇದು ಜಯಪ್ರದವಾಗಿಲ್ಲ ಅಲ್ಲವೇ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ರಾಮಕೃಷ್ಣ ಹೆಗ್ಗಡೆ.—ಈ ಕೂಡೊಕ್ಕಲು ಸಂಘ ಎಂಬುದು ಬಹಳ ಹಳೇ ಕಾಲದಿಂದ ಬಂದಿರತಕ್ಕದ್ದು ಅಲ್ಲ. ಮೂರು ವರ್ಷಗಳ ಹಿಂದೆ ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸರಕಾರದವರು ಕೋ-ಆಪರೇಟಿವ್ ಫಾರ್ಮಿಂಗ್ ವಿಚಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಬೇರೆ ಬೇರೆ ರಾಜ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯೋಜನೆಯ ಅವಧಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದು ಪೈಲೆಟ್ ಫ್ರಾಜೆಕ್ಟ್ ಮಾಡಿ ಅದರ ಮುಖಾಂತರ ಸ್ಥಾಪನೆ ಮಾಡಬೇಕೆಂಬ ಉದ್ದೇಶವಿದೆ ಎಂದು ಇದನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ವಿ. ಎಂ. ದೇವ್.—(ಎ) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ 'ಹೌದು' ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದೀರಿ. ಈಗ ತಾವು ಮಾಡಕೂಡದು ಎಂದು ಮಾಡಿದ್ದೀರಾ ? ಮತ್ತು ಕಲೆಕ್ಟಿವ್ ಫಾರಂಗೂ ಕೋ-ಆಪರೇಟಿವ್ ಫಾರಂಗೂ ಇರತಕ್ಕ ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸವೇನು ?